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## ABSTRACT OF THE DISCLOSURE

A dynamic equivalent load P is calculated from data information of a rolling bearing. Next, a reliability coefficient  $a_1$  is determined, a lubrication parameter  $a_L$  corresponding to a used lubricant is calculated, and a contamination degree coefficient  $a_c$  is determined in consideration of a material coefficient. A fatigue limit load Pu is calculated on the basis of the data information. Thereafter, a load parameter  $\{(P-Pu)/C\} \cdot 1/a_c$  is calculated. On the basis of the lubrication parameter  $a_L$  and the load parameter  $\{(P-Pu)/C\} \cdot 1/a_c$ , a life correction coefficient  $a_{NSK}$  is calculated with reference to a life correction coefficient calculation map. The bearing life  $L_A$  is calculated by  $L_A = a_1 \cdot a_{NSK} \cdot (C/P)^P$ .

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